Appendix A

WEBSTER'S II New Riverside University Dictionary

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Words that are believed to be registered trademarks have been checked with authoritative sources. No investigation has been made of common-law trademark rights in any word, because such investigation is impracticable. Words that are known to have current registrations are shown with an initial capital and are also identified as trademarks. The. ... inclusion of any word in this Dictionary is not, however, an expression of the Publisher's opinion as to whether or not it; is subject to proprietary rights. Indeed, no definition in this Dictionary is to be regarded as affecting the validity of any trademark.

Copyright © 1984, 1988 by Houghton Mifflin Company. All rights reserved.

No part of this work may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording, or by any information storage or retrieval system without the prior written permission. of Houghton Mifflin Company unless such copying is expressly permitted by federal copyright law. Address inquiries to Permissions, Houghton Mifflin Company, 2 Park Street, Boston, MA 02108.

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data Main entry under title:

Webster's II new Riverside university dictionary.

1. English language-Dictionaries. I. Riverside Publishing Company. II. Title: Webster's two new Riverside university dictionary. III. Title: Webster's 2 new Riverside university dictionary.

PE1625.W244 1984

ISBN: 0-395-33957-X (thumb index, trade edition) 0-395-37928-8 (high school edition)

Manufactured in the United States of America

Lex Pre No. Exp

Exp

A (

St

Pı

Ĉ.

 \mathbf{R}_{t}

Stu

Bus

For.

Abl

Pro

ΑN

Abl

Bio.

Geo

For

Tal

Sign

ing diverside Profishing Company

fortification encircling a fort, castle, or town. 2. The structures or area protected by an encircling fortification. encephal- pref. var. of encephalo. encephal- pref. var. of ENCEPHALO. ... encephala (ën-sëf'ala) n. pl. of ENCEPHALON. en-ce-phal-ic (en'sə-fal'īk) adi. 1. Of or relating to the brain.

2. Situated inside the cranial cavity. en cepha-li-tis (en-sef'a-ll'tis) in Brain inflammation. -en cephalitis (lifik) adi. encephalitis le thargica (la thārjika) n. [Nlat, lethargic encephalitis.] A viral epidemic encephalitis often associated with influenza and characterized by apathy, double vision, and extreme muscular weakness. encephalo- or encephal- pref. [NLat < Ck (muelos) en-kephalos (marrow) in the head: en., in + kephale, head. Brain <encephalitis><encephalogram> en-ceph-a-lo-gram (en-sef'a-lo-gram') n. L An x-ray picture of the brain taken by encephalography. 2. An electroencephalogram: en-ceph-a-log-ra-phy (en-sef-a-log ra-fe) n. pl. -phies. Roentgenography of the brain —enceph'a-lograph' (-lograf') n.—enceph'a-lograph'ical-ly adv. enceph'a-lograph'ical-ly adv. enceph'a-loma (ensef'-lom) n., pl. -mas or -ma-ta (-m-to). en-ceph-a-lo-my-e-li-tis (en-sef's-lo-mi's-li'tis) n. A-viral disease causing inflammation of the brain and spinal cord. 93 en-ceph-a-lon (ên-sêf'a-lôn') n., pl. -la (la) [Nlat. c Gk. enke-phalon, neuter of enkephalos, in the head: —see ENCEPHALO-] The brain of a vertebrate. —en-ceph'a-lous adj. brain of a vertebrate. —enceph'a lous adj. on the state of the coph a lop a thy (enset's lop's the) n. ph -thies. A disease of the brain. -en-ceph'a-lo-path'ic (-lo-path'ik) adjum. en-chain (en-chan') vt. -chained, -chaining, -chains; [ME en-cheinen < OFr. enchdener : en., in (< Lat. in-) + chdeine, chain < Lat. catena.] To fetter or confine with or as if with chains. —enchain'ment n ale pirtura. en chant (enchant) vt. -chant-ed, -chant-ing, -chants. [ME enchanter (Chericanter) v. enchanter (International International Intern completely. -en-chant ment n. en-chanter (en-chan'tor) n. 1. One that enchants. 2 a. A sorcerer. b. A magician: en-chant-ing (en-chan'ting) adj. Capable of enchanting: CHARM-NG enchantingly adv. 1 sec. 2011. The new particles enchantress (enchantris) n. 1. a. A woman who practices magic. b. A sorceress. 2. A fascinating woman. en chase (enchas') vt. -chased, -chasing, -chases. [ME, to engrave < Ofr. enchasser, to set gems: en., in (< lat in-) in chasse, case < lat. capsa, box.] 1. To set (e.g., a gem). 2. To set with or as if with gems. 3. To adom or decorate by inlaying/or engraving: en-chi-la-da (en'ch-là'da):n. [Mex. Sp. :: en; in (<: Lat: in') +: chile, chili pepper < Nahuati chilli.] A tortilla rolled and stuffed usu, with a mixture of meat or cheese and served with a sauce spiced A Millians en chiridion (ën kiridë en) n. pl. -ions or -ia (ë e) [Gk. enkheiridion en, in + kheir, hand + -idion; dim suffix.] A handbook or manual: enchyma suff. [< PARENCHYMA.] Cellular tissue <chlorenchyma> (Ense'ns) n [Sp., holm oak < LLat. ilicina < Lat. ilex.] Ah evergreen oak, Quercus agrifolia of southwestern North America, grown as a shade tree.
en-ci-pher (en-si'for) vt. -phered, -phering, -phera, ENCODE-1. encirphere n —encirpherment notation according to the encircle (énsurkal) vt. -cled, -cling, -cles. L To form a circle around: surround. 2 To move or go around completely: make a circuit of —encirclement n. en-clasp (ën-klisp') vt. -clasped, -clasping, -claspe: To em-brace closely Brace closely:
en-clave (en'klav', on') n: [Fr. < OFr. enclaver, to enclose < VLat.
*inclavare : Lat. in-, in + Lat. clavis, key.] LA country or partoof a country within the boundaries of another country. 2 A minority group preserving its own distinct culture while living within a largergroup (Chinese enclaves in California cities) enclitic (en klierk) n [Llattencliticus, being an enclitic Ck enklitikos < enklinein, to lean on : en-, in + klinein, to lean.] A word or particle that has no independent accent and forms an accentual and sometimes also graphemic unit with the preceding e.g., in "Give 'em the business;" the particle 'em is an enclitic" en close (ën klôz') vt. -closed, -closeing, -closes: [MF:enclosen < Ofr: enclos, p. part. of enclore < Lat. includere, to include: in., in + claudere, to close.] 1. To surround on all sides. 2. a. To place inside a container. b. To insert in the same envelope or package. 3. To place an enclosure around so as to prevent common use. en-clo-sure (en-klo'zhor) n. 1. The act of enclosing or state of being enclosed, 2 Something enclosed, 3. Something that encloses. en-code (en-kod') vt. -coded, -cod-ing, -codes. 1. To put (a message) into code: 2. Computer Sci. To convert (a character) into an

zein, to praise < enkomion, encomium:] One who delivers or writes

1. To form a circle about: SURROUND. 2. To envelop: enclose: 3.70 have as an integral part: INCLUDE. 4. To achieve: accomplish. the outermost position at the line of The such a player. —v. ended, in or an end: Finish. 2. To form the com'passment n en core (on'kôr', kôr') n. [Fr., again.] 1. An audience's demand han additional performance. 2. An additional performance in the contract of t 10 destroy. -vi. 1. To come to an en noth) ends meet. To live within on ily great deal < no end of odd jobs sponse to audience demand. -vt. -cored, -coring, -cores 170 performance. the letter with thanks en-coun-ter (en-koun'ter) n. [ME encountre < OFr. < encoun anded the letter with thanks><2 pe to meet < Llat. incontrare: Lat. in-, in + Lat. contra, against.] In mexpected or unplanned meeting. 2. A usu, brief meeting. ant: begin, start and pref. var. of ENDO. hostile confrontation. b. An often violent meeting : CLASH mdamoe ba or en dame ba (è -tered, -tering, -ters. -vt. 1. To meet or come upon (someone o something), esp. unexpectedly. 2. To confront in a hostile situation dan ger (čn-dan'jor) vt. -gered, -g 3. To be faced with <encounter strong enemy forces miet or harm : IMPERIL. -en dan's dangered adj. Threatened with e meet, esp. unexpectedly. encounter group n. A usu unstructured therapy group? andarte-rec-to-my (ěn'dăr-tə-rêk't; which individuals try to increase their sensitivity and respond ness, reveal their feelings, and relate to others openly and intimate, as by touching or speaking freely. marterium, inner lining of an artery + the inner lining of an artery clogged w en courage (čn-kûri), kûr) vt. -aged, -aging, -agea [ME] couragen < OFr. encoragier : en (causative) < Lat. in : in tocoming courage < Lat. cor, heart.] 1. To inspire with hope, courage, or conf. moffan artery + 1773. Inflammation dence: HEARTEN. 2 To give support to: FOSTER. 3. To stimiling dence: HEARTEN. 2 To give support to: FOSTER. 3. To stimiling the courage of th end brain (end'bran') n. The telencepl endear (endir) vt. -deared, -dear-is midit Obs. To increase the value of dearing (endiring) adj. Arousing a firendearing child > -en dearing h dearing the dear aged by the doctors' findings > ant: discourage en-couraging (en-kur sing kur) adj. Imparting hope or cour sion of affection, as a caress age: -en-couragingly adv. en-croach (én-kroch') vi. -croached, -croach-ing croache [ME encrochen, to seize illegally < OFr. encrochier, to seize illegally deavor (en devor) n. [ME endevou effort, en , en + dever, duty < Ofr. devi (< Lat. in-) + croc, hook, of Scand. orig.] 1. To intrude gradually in concerted or conscientious effort toward a ing. ors. To make an earnest attemy indeavour (en-devor) n. & v. Chief, indemvic (en-dem'ik) adi. [Gk. endem the rights or possessions of another < road construction encroaching on the city park > 2. To advance beyond proper or prescribed him en-croach'er n. -en-croach'ment n. 1. Prevalent in or peculiar to a par people Native or limited to a certain rep en crust (čn krust') vt. -crust-ed, -crust-ing, -crusts. [Proble Fr. incruster < Lat. incrustare : in- upon + crusta, crust p do core puricular locality <an endemic disease or surmount with or as if with a crust <a coffee cake encrusted or surmount with or as it with a crust <a coffee cake encurred with citings —en'crust at ion n en'crust (en knpt') vt. -crypted, -crypting, -crypta l'encomple (en knpt') vt. -crypted, -crypting, -crypta l'encomple (en knpt') vt. -crypted, -crypting, -crypta l'encomple (en knpt') vt. -crypted (tor animal -en-dem'i-cally adv . mdergon ic (en'dergon'ik) adj. [END Meding energy. 1. 2. Computer Sci. To scramble (access codes) in order to pr endermic (endurmik) adj. Acting 1 illicit entry into a system. igh the skin -en-der mi-cal-ly adv en-cryp-tion (en-krip'shon) n. Computer Sci. A process for st bing access codes to prevent illicit entry into a systemial value encumber (en.kim'bor) vt. -bered, -berring, -berr [Mc ar combren < Ofr, encombrer, to block up : en. in (< Lacons) combre, hindrance.] 1. To weigh down unduly. 2. To impede in the combren hindrance. end game n. The last stage of a game; e s following major reduction of forces. ind ing (en'ding) n. 1. A conclusion : ter in part: FINALE. 3. An element added to: der the action or performance of 3. To burden, as with legal clai in dive (en'div', on'dev') n. [ME < OFr. < Chonum endivia, cultivated for its crows en cum brance (en-kum brans) n. 1. One that encumbers PEDIMENT. 2. Law. A lien or claim on property. ned in salads. 2. A variety of the common en-cum branc-er (čn-kum'brən-sər) n. Law. One holding and but cultivated to produce a narrow, pointe cumbrance.
-ency suff. [Lat. -entia. --see -ENCE:] -ENCE. . . Ser 22 10 2 10 10 med in salads. tend leaf in An endpaper.

tend leaf in An endpa en cyc-li-cal (en-sik'li-ka) adi. [LLat. encyclicus, circulari ciclen cyclicus, circulari ciclen chukuklios : en., in + kuklos, circle.] Intended for general circulation. —n. Rom. Cath. Ch. A papal letter addressed to bishopsiorital hierarchy of a specific country: encyclopedia or encyclopaedia (ensikla pedea) me ondless ly adv. —endless nes [Med. Lat. encyclopaedia, general education course < Ck. enkuklos paideid < enkuklios paideia, general education.] A comprehensite and man n. 1. The person at the end of a finished show who sits at one end of the interlocutor. reference work having articles on a broad range of subjects or numerous aspects of a given field, usu. arranged alphabetically L. Of, relating to, or typical of an encyclopedia. 2 Embracing multisubjects: COMPREHENSIVE < encyclopedic learning > — encyclopedic learning > thamost (end'most') adj. Being at or n end-pref: [Ck. < endon, within medium> endobi-ot-ic (en'd-bi-ot-ik) adj. Livini en-cy-clo-pe-dism or en-cy-clo-pae-dism (en-si'ki-pe'dis em) n. Encyclopedic knowledge: ERUDITION. didô'blast (én'da-blast) also en tu bu bur ôf the blastoderm. —en'do blas'tle ('m'do-car di tis (én'dò-kār-di'tls) n. [in lambar di tis endocardium. —en'da 'lambar di tis endocardium. —en'da 'lambar di tis endocardium. do blast (en'da blast') also en to bl: ency-clope dist or ency-clopae dist (ensi klapt dist. A writer for or compiler of an encyclopedia. en-cyst (en-sist) v. -cyst-ed, -cyst-ing, -cysts. in or as if in a cyst. -vi. To form or become enclosed in a dodocardi um (čn'do kärdě em) n. 1 1000 + Gk. kardia, heart. 1 The thin, endo interior of the heart. —en'do-ca indocarp (ĕn'do-kārp') n. The often har interior of many fruits. —en'do-car at which an act, event, or phenomenon ceases or is completed oboodoi out the thin the this " uc a pat a pay ar care a father e pet e be hw which a line Etie Ir pier o pot o toe o paw, for oi noise ad o abuse zh vision e about, item,

TUSION < the end of the campa:

minnt. 9. a. A share of a responsibilit project > b. A particular area of responsibility and of the campaign > 10. Poo

Clemination of life: DEATH, 6. An i

an encomium: EULOCIST. —en-co'mi-as'tic (én-kô'mê-is:tik)
co'mi-as'ti-cal (-ti-kəl) adi.

en-co-mi-um (ên-kô'mê-əm) n., pl. -mi-ums or -mi-a-(ml. [Lat. encomium < Ck. enkômion (epos), (speech) praising awicing

enkomios, of the victory procession :en, in + komos, celebration :

1. Warm praise. 2. A formal expression of praise: TRIBUTE : a compass (ên-kum'pas) vt. -passed, -passeing : vt. -passed, -passeing : vt. -passed, -passeing : vt. -passeing :vt. -passein

cop-ping, -crops. To I. -crowding, -cro

ed, -oping, -ops. 1 raphic plate or film) verdevel opment : (-dun'), -do-ing, -d s: take to extremes 2 / ook too long. -vi. To

1. The state of a heter i or better adapted the nant adj. dose, esp. of a name

los es. To take or admi The act of overdrawing 2. also o ver draugh fuel in a furnace. h. vn downward, c. The

roo'), -drawn (dr ank account) in excess To so exaggerate (c.)

account that has b

lress ing, -dress irable. -n. A skirted a

hanism of an automot ired to maintain driv e ratio of drive shaft ōv'), -driven (-drivan oo long or too hard 2.7

rbing, -dube. To blead sound to produce and

g unpaid after become me <an overame ing, -eats. To estimate me <an overdue raise)

sized, sizing, els zi. To employ too mu

-mat-ed, -mat-int the amount or degree of

c (-mit) n. -o'ver

-pos-ing, -pos-ex-14 (a photographicalism verex po sure d led, -tending dent limit < overes

fatigue often 10,3 der

the ecological hale

ing, -flow 2. To be filled by ing, -flows. o have an overabund sympathy o spread of pour of o spread of pour -n. (ô'vəf-flo)n over: EXCESS (find

> 3. An outlet puter garment, to of glazz on grann

ed, -glazing zing, -griz חיים

grew (-gr00') pread. over w al size. h over of o

è be hw which

overhand (ô'vər-hand') also over-hand-ed (ô'vər-han'did) adi: 1. Thrown, struck, or performed with the hand above the level and the shoulder < an overhand pitch > 2. Sewn with stitches drawing two edges together, with each stitch passing over the seam formed by the edges: -adv. In an overhand way. -n. 1. An overhand throw, make, or delivery. 2. An overhand stitch or seam. -vt. -hand-ed, banding. -hands. To sew with an overhand seam or stitches.

overhand knot n. A simple knot formed by making a loop in a piece of cord and passing the end through it.
over-hang (o'ver-hang) v. -hung (-hung), -hang-ing, -hangs.

yt. 1. To project or extend beyond. 2. To menace or threaten: loom gret 3. To decorate with hangings. -vi. To hang or project over mething -n. (6'vor-hang'). 1. A projecting part, as of a building or project over or project of a constraint of projection can overhang of ten inches 3. The part of a ship's bow or stern that projects over the with the second of the second

1 a. To examine thoroughly for needed repairs. b. To dismantle in order to make repairs. c. Naut. To slacken (a line) or to release and separate the blocks of (a tackle). 2. To make all needed repairs on: ETVICE 3. To catch up with : OVERTAKE. -n. (ō'vər-hôl'). 1. An act

dioverhauling 2. A repair job. (an joverhead fan > 2. Of or relating to overhead expenses. -n. (b'var.hed'), L The regular operating expenses of a business, includme the costs of rent, utilities, upkeep, and taxes, and excluding labor and materials. 2. The ceiling of a ship's cabin. 3. Something, such as ight fixture, that is located above head level. —adv. (6'var-hēd').
Oref or above the level of the head

branches hanging overhead> overhear (o'var-hir') vt. -heard (-hûrd'), -hearing, -hears. To hear (something spoken or someone speaking) without the speaker's knowledge or intention. -o'ver hear'er n.

overheat (6'vor-het') v. -heat-ed, -heat-ing, -heats. -vt. 1. To has roo hot. 2. To cause to become excited or overwrought <over-based by a family quarrel > 3. To overstimulate (e.g., the economy). To become overheated.

over in dulge (o'vor in duli') v. -dulged, -dulging, -dulges. vi-To indulge excessively. -vi. To indulge in something to excess. eyer in dul'gence n. —o'ver in dul'gent adj. —o'ver in dul'-

Over joyed (6'var-joid') adj. Filled with joy : ELATED.

over kill (over kil') n. 1. Nuclear destructive capacity beyond this needed to destroy a target. 2. Excessive killing. 3. An action, Tous or amount in excess of what is called for < judicial overkill sentencing minors > -vt. (8'vor-kil') -killed, -kill-ing, -kills. 10 destroy (an enemy target) with greater nuclear force than is

**Yerladen (6'vərlad'n) adi. Overloaded : overburdened. overland (0'vər-land', -lənd) adj. Passing over or by way of land Kan overland supply route > -adv. By way of land.

Terlap ((Vor-lap) v -lapped, -lapping, -lapa -vt. 1. To lie form of the control over and cover part of 2. To have an area or range in something 2. To coincide partly with -vi. 1. To lie over and partly something 2. To coincide partly <Their territories overlap. - ((Vor-lap)). A part that overlaps or is overlapped. 2. An information of overlapping.

w. overnapping.

1. To lay or spread

1. To lay or spread

2. To cover the surface of with a decorative layer or

2. Out. 2. a. To cover the surface of with a decorative layer or

2. Out. 3. To put an overlay

3. To put an overlay une overlaid with ornate narmonies > 3.10 put an overlay limining -n. (6'var-la'). Something laid over or covering ting else, as: a. A layer of decoration, as veneer or gold leaf, the covering else, as: b. A sheet of paper used on a press tympan to the covering else. the pressure that produces light and dark tones: C. A transpartrative matter to be incorporated into it.

verleap (d'or-lèp') vt. -leaped or -leapt (-lèpt'); -leap-ing. 1.10 leap over or across. 2. OVERREACH 3.

triburn (0'vor,lum') vt. -learned or -learnt (-lumt'), -learn To continue studying or working at (e.g., a skill) after ne proficient.

The (d'ya-li') vt. -lay (-la'), -lain (-lan'), -lay-ing, -lies. 1. To

The (0'var-li') vt. -lay (-lā'), -lain (-lān'), -lay-ing, -lies. 1. 10

The incurrence of animals.

The incurrence notice or consider: MISS. 4. To ignore deliberately or indul-

the thin the this deat drurge y young 2h vision a about, item, edible, gallop,

1. An elevated place affording an extensive view 2 An act of overlooking something. over lord (6'var-lord') in 1-A lord having power or authority over other lords. 2. One who is in a position of domination or supremacy over others. -o'ver-lord'ship' militaria ada militari in a li a nice. over man n. 1: (6'vər mən, mān'). A person having authority over others, esp. a foreman or overseer. 2. (6'vər mān'). SUPERMAN 2. -vt. (6'vər-mān') -manned, -man-ning, -mans. To provide:(e.g. a ship) with more personnel than necessary. o-ver-mas:ter (5/vər-mās'tər) [vt.:-tered, -ter-ing, -ters. To overcome : overpower: overmatch (6'yor-mach') whi-matched, matching, matchen: 1. To be more than the match of : OUTSTRIP. 2. To match or pair with a superior opponent. -n. (o'vər-māch'). A contest in which one over:much (6'vər-müch'): adj. Hoo much (EXCESSIVE. —adv. In opponent is distinctly superior: excess. -n. (o'vər-much', o'vər-much'). An excessive amount. o-ver-night (o'var-nit') adj. 1. Lasting for extending over; or remaining during a night < an overnight guest > 2 For use over a single night or for a short journey overnight provisions > 3. Immediate: sudden < an overnight success > ... adv. (6'vor-nit'). 1. During or lasting the night. 2. On the preceding night or evening. 3. In or as overnight bag n Assmall bag or suitcase for carrying items needed on a short journey. ... I resplay to the rank. overnutrition (6'var.noo-trish'an; -nyoo,) n Excessive: consumption of food or nutrition. ไทยโดยที่ได้ หลือเหลือสาสา o-verop-ti-mis-tic (ō'vər-ŏp'tə-mis'tik) adi. Excessively optimistic. —o'ver-op'ti-mism.n. —o'ver-op'ti-mis'ti-cal-ly,adv., Tira-o-ver-pass (ō'vər-pas'),n. A. passage, as an elevated roadway, or bridge that crosses above another thoroughfare —vt. (6'yar-pās', pās'), -passed or -past, -pass-ing, -pass-es. 1. To pass over or across TRAVERSE. 2. To go beyond: SURPASS. 3: To disregard. o-ver-pay (ō'vər-pā') v. -paid (-pād'), -pay-ing, -pays. --vt. 1. To pay (someone) too much 2 To pay an amount in excess of (a sum due). -vi. To pay too much. -o'verpay'ment;n. o a disc overpersuade (6'var-par-swad') vt. -suad-ed, -suad-ing. -suades. To persuade (someone) to act contrary to inclination. -o' over-play (o'vor-pla), vi. -played, -playing, -plays. 1. To play (a-dramatic role) in an exaggerated manner: OverACT. 2. To overestimate the strength of (one's holdings or position) and thus contribute to one's own defeat <overplay one's hand > 3. To hit (a golf ball) beyond the green at the dealers are green with a way, a green o-verplus (o'yar-plus') n. An excessive amount: SURPLUS. over-pop u-la-tion (6'vor-pop/yo-la'shon): n. Excessive popula-tion of an area to the point of social detriment or environmental deterioration. o'verpop'u·lat'ed (-lā'tid) adi. over power (6'var.pou'ar)-vt. ered, ering ers. I. To over-come by superior force: SUBDUE. 2. To affect so strongly as to make ineffective or helpless: OVERWHELM. 3. To supply with excessive mechanical powers and the control of t OVERWHELMING. o-ver-praise (o'vor-praz') vt. -praised, -prais-ing, -praises. To praise too highly. o verprice (o'vor-pris') vt. -priced, -pricing, -pricies. To put too high a price or value on the printing prints. To over-print (o'vor-print') vt. -print-ed, -printing -prints. To print over something already printed, esp. to print over (a graphic image) with another color, __n. (o'vor-print'); il-A mark or impression made; by overprinting 2. a. A mark or message printed over; a postage stamp to note a special occasion or a change in use. b. A stamp so marked. So property and all the contract of the stamp so-marked or continuous at a facility of the control of the too.much.senguag hard the large translation over pro-duce (6'vor-pro-doos', -dyoos') vt. -duced, -duc-ing. es. To produce too much of .- o'ver produc'tion (duk' shan) n. overproduc'tive addition of protest to make a content higher than proof spirit, esp containing more than 50% alcohol by volume. o ver pro tect (o'var pratekt') vice tect ed; tect ing, tects To protect too much .- o'ver pro-tec'tive adj erqual-i-fied (o'vor-kwol'a-fid') adj. Having qualifications beyond what is necessary or desired. o-ver-rate (o'vor-rat') vt. -rat-ed, -rat-ing, -rates. To rate too highly an extend a street to reached, ereaching, ereachies. -vt. 1. To reach or extend over or beyond. 2. To miss or lose by attempting too much. <overreaching a goal > 3. To defeat (oneself) by doing or trying to gain too much. 4. To get the better of . -vi. 1. To reach or go too far. 2. To outwit or get the better of others. 3. To strike the hind foot against the forefoot or foreleg on the same side of the body. --Used of a horse. --o'verreach'er.n. accorderact (ô'ver-reakt'). vi. -act-ed, -act-ing. -acts. To react with undue force or emotion. -o'ver reac'tion many and a second